

Supplemental Material for FY2022 Revised Financial Results Forecast



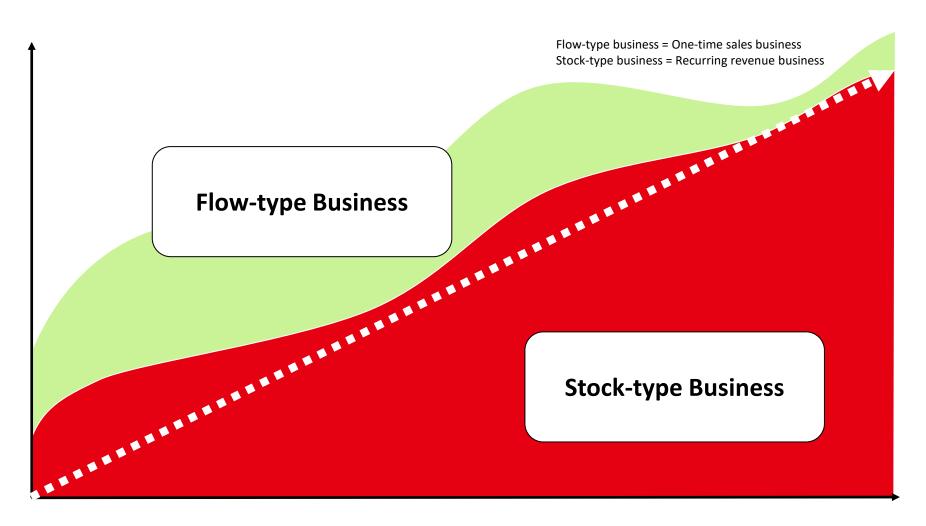
1

Target for growth

Expansion of Stock-type Business

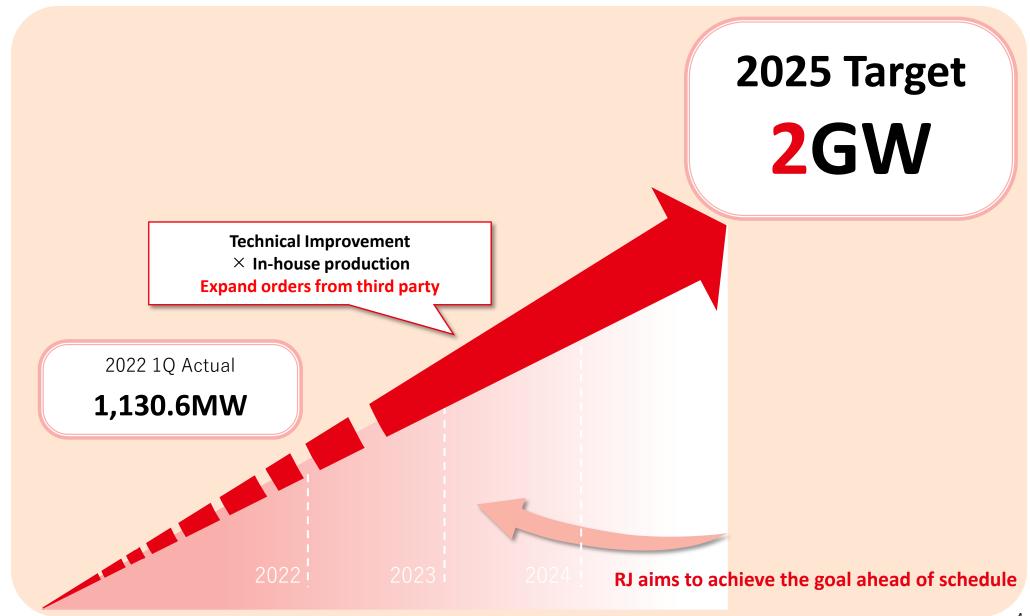


RJ aims to achieve stable growth by focusing on stock-type business such as Power Production and O&M business moving forward.



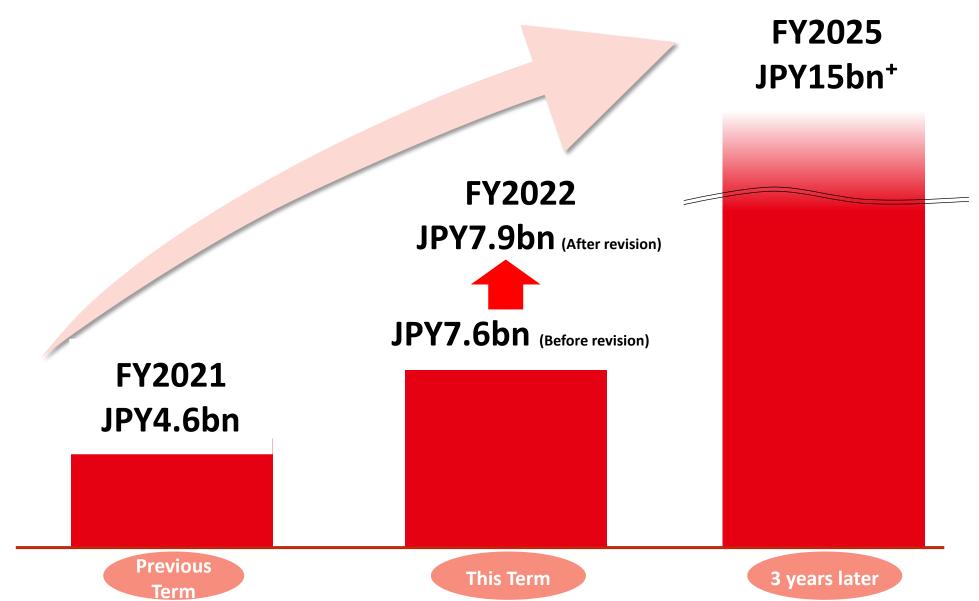
Mid-term Target 1. O&M Business: Further Expansion of Contract Scale





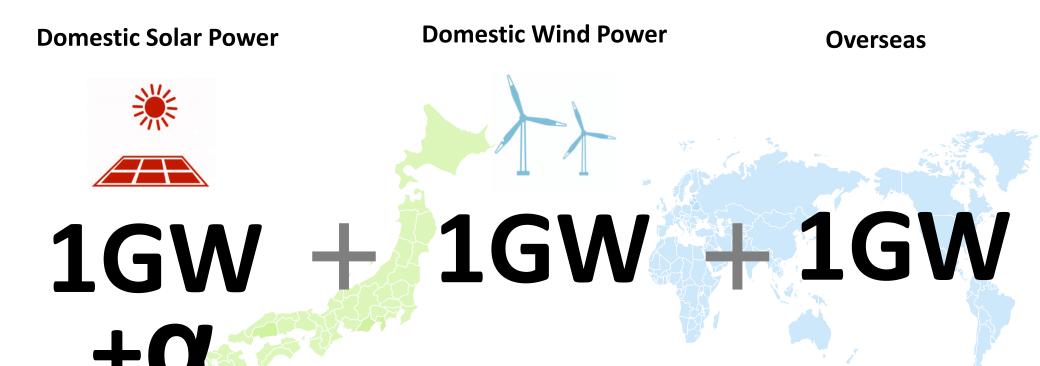
Mid-term Target 2. Earning Power (EBITDA)





Long-term Target: IPP Capacity Targeted within 10 Years





2

Takeover Bid (TOB) and Revised Financial Results Forecast

Purpose of the Takeover Bid (TOB)



1

Increase capacity of power plants owned by the company in order to achieve growth targets in line with the existing policy

2

Increase profits by owning the projects directly and streamline AM*1 • O&M *2 businesses

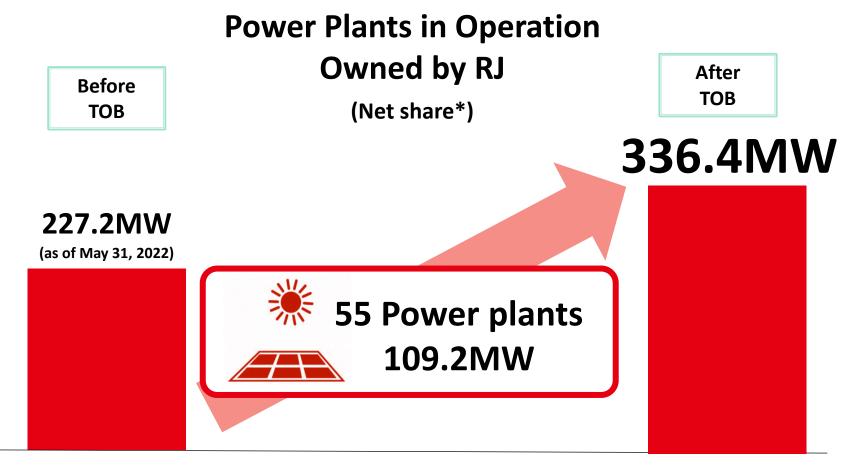
^{*1} AM Business: Management and operation/Income and expenditure management/paperwork,etc., related to power plant

^{*2} O&M Business: Verification/Patrolling/Reporting,etc., of power plants operations

Increase in Power Plants Owned through Takeover Bid (TOB)



By acquiring power plants owned by infrastructure fund, the number of power plants owned by RJ (net share*) will increase by approximately 1.5 times.



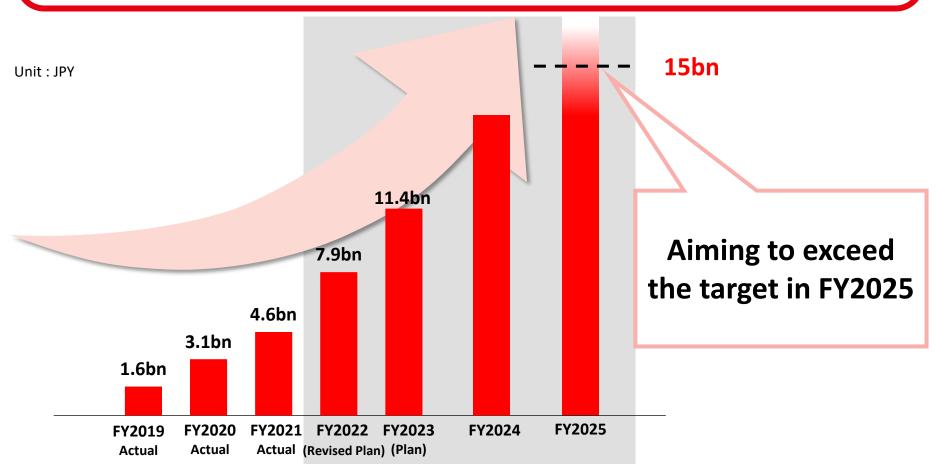
^{*&}quot;Net share" stands for total value of each panel output multiplying RJ's equity share.

Impact of the Takeover Bid (TOB)



Financial performance for the current term will fail due to one-time expenses incurred from the takeover bid (TOB).

However, a significant increase in earning power (EBITDA) is expected in the next fiscal year and beyond.

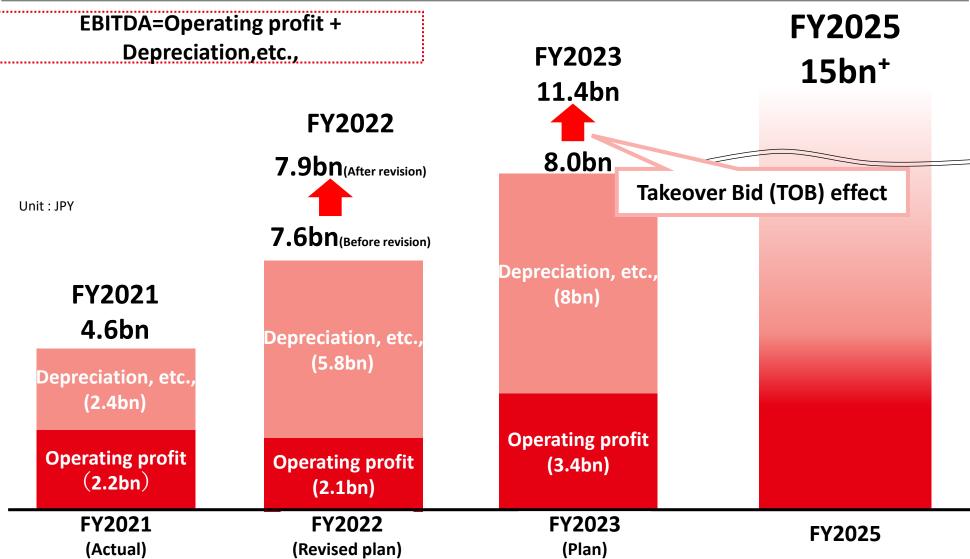


*The FY2023 plan is for reference only and has not been approved by the Board of Directors.

©2022 Renewable Japan Co.,Ltd.

"Earning Power" (EBITDA Target)





^{*}EBITDA=Ordinary profit + Interest expense + Commission paid + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill + Other depreciation = Operating profit + Depreciation + Amortization of goodwill + Other depreciation + Non-operating profit

Depreciation, etc.,

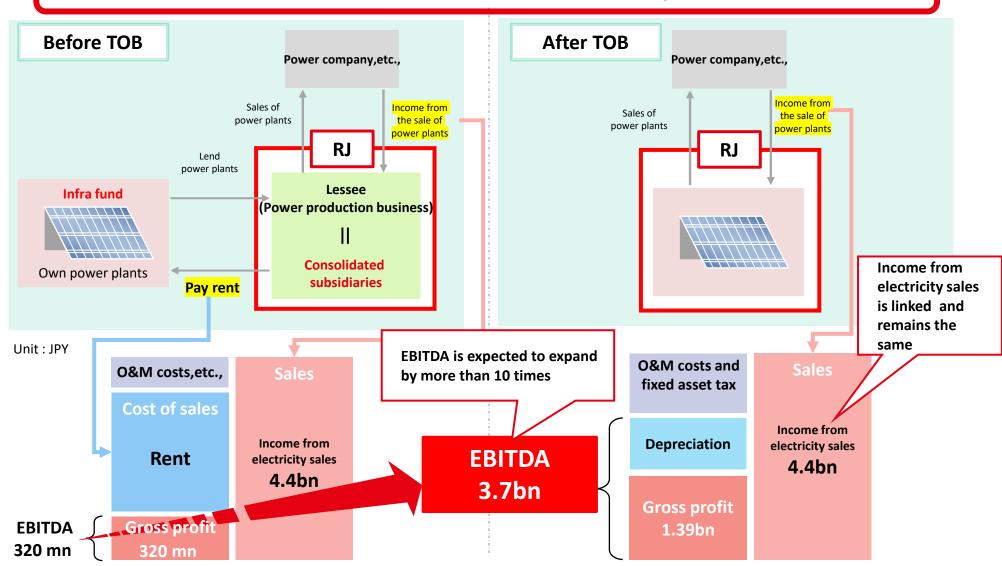
^{*}The FY2023 plan is for reference only and has not been approved by the Board of Directors.

^{*}EBITDA is exempt from audit or a quarterly review.

Changes in Revenues from Infrastructure Fund-related Businesses Before and After Takeover Bid (TOB)

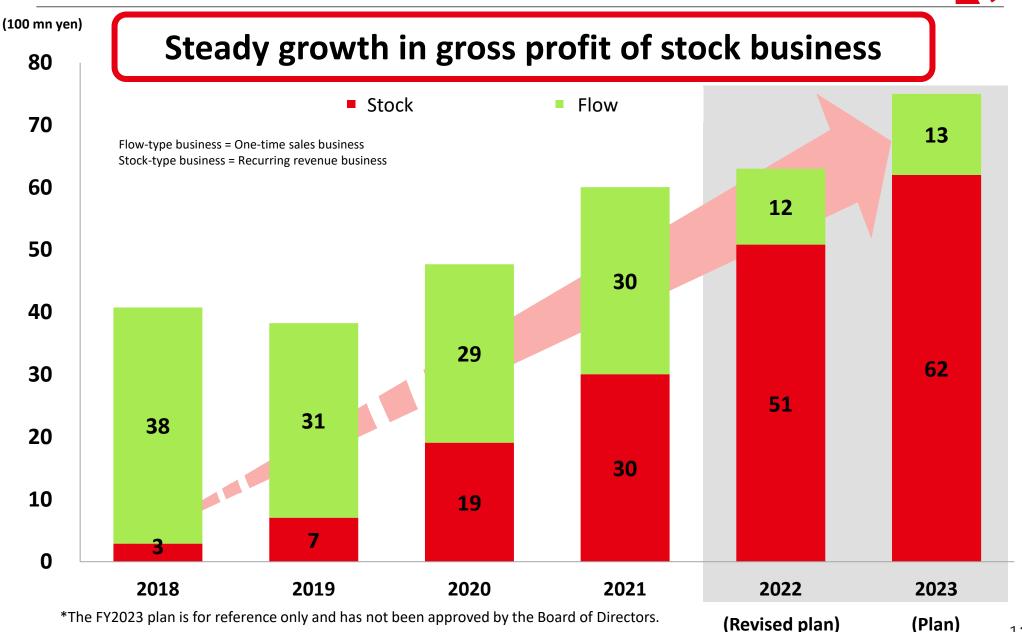


Sales remain the same, but EBITDA will increase by more than 10 times



Gross Profit Trend (Breakdown of Flow • Stock Businesses)





©2022 Renewable Japan Co., Ltd.

Assumed Impact for FY12/2022 (full year)



Temporary drop in profits due to costs incurred from Takeover Bid (TOB)

(JPY mn) (rounded down to mm)	2022 Initial Plan	2022 Revised Plan	Changes from initial plan
Sales	188.0	190.0	+2.0
Gross profit	68.0	63.0	(5.0)
SG&A	39.0	42.0	+3.0
Operating profit	29.0	21.0	(8.0)
Ordinary profit	14.0	(13.5)	(27.5)
EBITDA	76.0	79.1	+3.1
Profit attributable to owners of parent	6.0	(16.5)	(22.5)

(Sales/Gross profit)

♦ Refer to P15

SG&A

- ◆Administrative expenses,etc., incurred from acquisition of infra fund +220mn
- ◆Business tax (Size-based Business Tax) +30mn

[Non-operating expenses]

◆Borrowing costs incurred from acquisition of infra fund (1.76bn)

[Extraordinary profit/loss]

♦Costs incurred from acquisition of infra fund (490mn)

Assumed Impact for FY12/2022 (full year) by Business Segment



(JPY mn) (rounded dov	wn to mm)		2022 Initial plan	2022 Revised plan	YoY
Flow		Sales	23.3	32.7	+40%
(One Time	e Sales Business)	Gross profit	23.3	12.1	(48%)
	Power Production etc.,	Sales	144.6	139.5	(4%)
		Gross profit	30.8	39.4	+28%
	O&M Business	Sales	14.5	14.0	(3%)
		Gross profit	8.3	7.7	(7%)
	AM Business	Sales	5.5	3.7	(33%)
		Gross profit	5.5	3.7	(33%)
Stock		Sales	164.6	157.2	(4%)
(Recurring	Revenue Business)	Gross profit	44.6	50.8	+14%
Total		Sales	188.0	190.0	+1%
		Gross profit	68.0	63.0	(7%)

Assumed Impact for FY12/2022 (full year) (Non-consolidated • Consolidated AM/O&M)



(JPY mn) (rounded	down to mm)		Plan
AM Elimination of intracompany transactions	Non- consolidated	Sales	2.9
		Cost of sales	_
		Gross profit	2.9
	· · · · ·	Sales	(1.4)
	intracompany transactions	Cost of sales	-
		Gross profit	(1.4)
	Consolidated Total	Sales	1.4
		Cost of sales	-
		Gross profit	1.4

JPY mn) (rounded	down to mm)		Plan
	Non- consolidated	Sales	19.9
		Cost of sales	6.3
O&M intracon transact		Gross profit	13.6
	Elimination of intracompany transactions	Sales	(5.9)
		Cost of sales	-
		Gross profit	(5.9)
	Consolidated Total	Sales	14.0
		Cost of sales	6.3
		Gross profit	7.7

(Reference) Assumed Impact for FY12/2022



(The FY2023 plan is for reference only and has not been approved by the board of directors)

V-shaped recovery (especially, Earning Power (EBITDA) will grow significantly)

(JPY mn) (rounded down to mm)	2022 Revised plan	2023 Plan	Differences
Sales	190.0	240.0	+50.0
Gross profit	63.0	75.0	+12.0
SG&A	42.0	40.5	(1.5)
Operating profit	21.0	34.5	+13.5
Ordinary profit	(13.5)	12.0	+25.5
Earning power (EBITDA)	79.1	114.1	+35.0
Profit attributable to owners of parent	(16.5)	7.5	+24.0

(Reference) Assumed Impact for FY12/2022 by Business Segment (The FY2023 plan is for reference only and has not been approved by the board of directors)

nt

2022 2023 (JPY mn) YoY (rounded down to mm) **Revised plan** Plan 32.7 67.0 +105% **Sales** Flow (One Time Sales Business) 12.1 13.0 +7% **Gross profit Power Production** 139.5 **153.0** +10% **Sales** etc., 39.4 50.7 +29% **Gross profit O&M Business** Sales 14.0 **17.8** +27% 7.7 9.2 +19% **Gross profit AM Business** 3.7 2.1 (43%)Sales 3.7 2.1 (43%)**Gross profit** 157.2 Sales 173.0 +10% Stock (Recurring Revenue Business) **Gross profit** 50.8 62.0 +22% **Total** 190.0 **Sales** 240.0 +26%

+19%

63.0

75.0

Gross profit

(Reference) Assumed Impact for FY12/2022 (Non-consolidated • Consolidated AM/O&M)



(The FY2023 plan is for reference only and has not been approved by the board of directors)

(JPY mn) (rounded down to mm)		Plan	(JPY mn) (rounded down to mm)		Plan		
		Sales	3.0			Sales	23.4
AM Elimination of intracompany transactions Consolidated Total	Cost of sales	-		Non- consolidated	Cost of sales	8.6	
	Gross profit	3.0			Gross profit	14.8	
	Sales	(1.0)	O & M Elimination of intracompany transactions		Sales	(5.6)	
	Cost of sales	-		Cost of sales	_		
	Gross profit	(1.0)		transactions	Gross profit	(5.6)	
	Sales	2.1			Sales	17.8	
	Cost of sales	_		Consolidated Total	Cost of sales	8.6	
	Gross profit	2.1			Gross profit	9.2	

3

Appendix

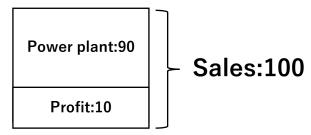
Fluctuations in Sales due to Differences in Sales Methods



Depending on the difference in selling method of 1. Power plants 2. TK's equity shares,
 sales figures change materially, although the gross profit stays the same.

Case 1. Sales of a Power Plant

⇒ Power plant(Book Value) =90, Profit=10



Sales	Selling Price	100
cogs	Power Plant (Book Value)	90
Gross profit	Profit	10

Case 2. Sales of TK's Equity shares

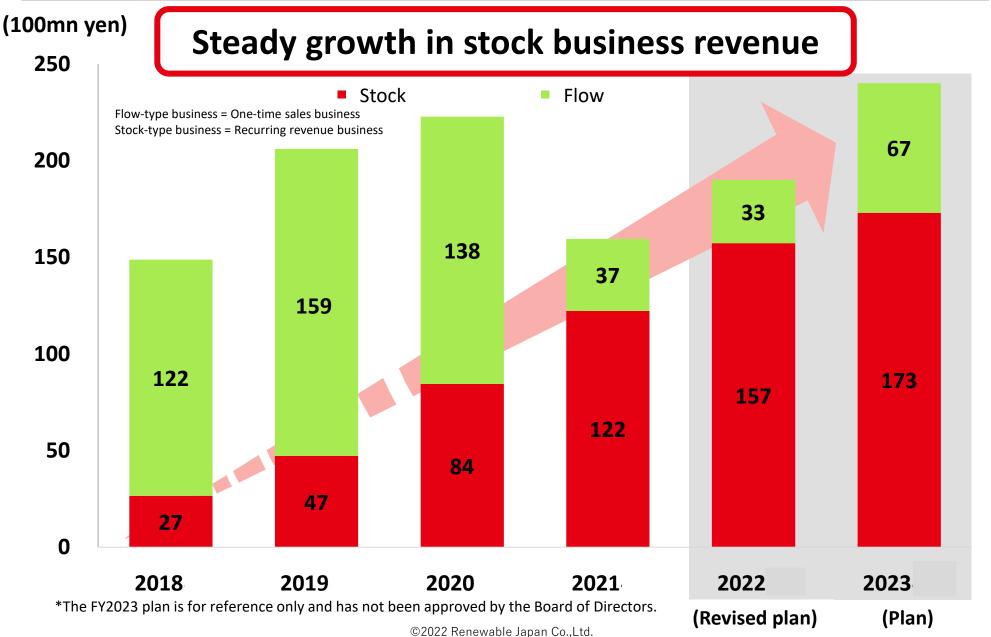
⇒Profit(Gain on Sale)=10

Profit:10 | Sales:10

Sales	Gain on Sale	10
cogs	-	-
Gross profit	Profit	10

Sales Trend (Breakdown of Flow • Stock Businesses)

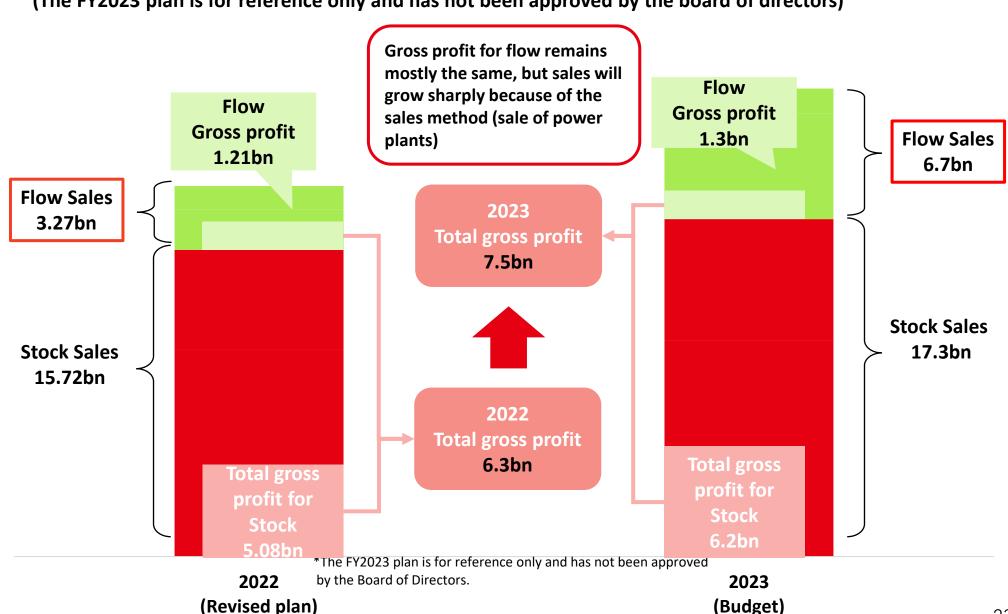




Factors for Flow Business Sales Increase from FY12/2022 to FY12/2023



(The FY2023 plan is for reference only and has not been approved by the board of directors)



©2022 Renewable Japan Co., Ltd.





Making everyone an energy player





Renewable Japan